Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine Dnipro University of Technology

FACULTY OF GEOLOGICAL PROSPECTING DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL AND STRUCTURAL GEOLOGY

"APPROVED"

Head of Department

Shevchenko S.V.

"_10_" ___06___ 2019

WORK PROGRAM OF THE ACADEMIC DISCIPLINE

"Geology"

Field of study	18 Production and Technology
Specialty	185 Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology
Academic degree	Bachelor
Academic program	Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology
Type of discipline	regulatory
Total workload	2 ECTS credits (60 hours)
Type of final assessment	exam
Period of study	1st semester
Language of study	English

Lecturers: Tereshkova O.A., Bilan N.V., Nikitenko I.S.

Prolonged: for 20 __ / 20__ academic year _____ (_____) "__" __ 20__. for 20 __ / 20__ academic year _____ (_____) "__" __ 20__. (Signature, name, date)

> Dnipro NTU "DP" 2019

Work program of the academic discipline "Geology" for bachelor's specialty 185 "Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology" / Tereshkova O.A., N.V. Bilan, I.S. Nikitenko / NTU "Dnipro Polytechnic" Department Of General and Structural Geology. – DA: NTU «DP» 2019 - 12 p.

Authors:

Tereshkova O.A. – associate professor Bilan N.V. – associate professor Nikitenko I.S. – associate professor

The work program regulates:

- key goals and objectives;

- the disciplinary learning outcomes generated through the transformation of the intended learning outcomes of the degree program;

- the content of the discipline formed according to the criterion "disciplinary learning outcomes";

- the discipline program (thematic plan by different types of classes);

- distribution of the discipline workload by different types of classes;

- an algorithm for assessing the level of achievement of disciplinary learning outcomes (scales, tools, procedures and evaluation criteria);

- criteria and procedures for evaluating the academic achievements of applicants by discipline;

- the contents of the educational and methodological support of the discipline;

The work program is designed to implement a competency approach in planning an education process, delivery of the academic discipline, preparing students for control activities, controlling the implementation of educational activities, internal and external quality assurance in higher education, accreditation of degree programs within the specialty.

Approved by the decision of the Methodical Commission of specialty 185 "Oil and Gas Engineering and Technology" (protocol № 6 from 07.06.2019).

Recommended for publication by the editorial board of NTUDP (protocol N_{2} 7 from 05.07.2019).

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1 DISCIPLINE OBJECTIVES

In the educational and professional programs of the Dnipro University of Technology specialty 185 "Oil and gas engineering and technology", the distribution of program learning outcomes (NRN) for the organizational forms of the educational process is done. In particular, the following learning outcomes are attributed to the discipline B5 "Geology":

SR1	Characterize geological processes and basic laws of rock formation including oil and
	gas deposits

The objective of discipline – to form competences in the knowledge of the structure, composition of the Earth's crust and characteristics of geological processes and phenomena that form it with the purpose of aplication of this knowledge in practical work.

The implementation of the objective requires transforming program learning outcomes into the disciplinary ones as well as an adequate selection of the contents of the discipline according to this criterion.

Code NRN	Disciplinary learning outcomes (DRN)			
	DRN code	DRN code Content		
	SR1.1-B5	to know the internal structure of the Earth, types of the Earth's crust,		
		composition, age and properties of the Earth's crust and its components		
	SR1.2-B5	to know basic patterns of rock formation		
	SR1.3-B5	to distinguish results of endogeous processes, to take into consideration		
SR1		influence of different factors on the conditions of geological environment		
	SR1.4-B5	to determine rerults of exogenous processes and engineering-geological		
	occurrences			
	SR1.5-B5	SR1.5-B5 to take into consideration the influence of technogenesis on the conditions		
		of geological environment		

2 INTENDED DISCIPLINARY LEARNING OUTCOMES

3 WORKLOAD DISTRIBUTION BY THE FORM OF EDUCATIONAL PROCESS ORGANIZATION AND TYPES OF CLASSES

	ad	Distribution by forms of education , hours					
Type of	orklo: hours	Full	Full-time		Part-time		tance
classes	Workloa hours	Classes (C)	Individual work (IW)	Classes (C)	Individual work (IW)	Classes (C)	Individual work (IW)
lecture	40	14	26	-	-	4	36
practical	20	7	13	-	-	2	18
laboratory	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
workshops	-	_	-	_	-	-	-
TOTAL	60	21	39	-	-	6	54

4 DISCIPLINE PROGRAM BY TYPES OF CLASSES

Ciphers DRN	Types and topics of training sessions LECTURES	The volume of components, <i>hours</i> 40
CR1.1-B5	1. General data on geology as a branch of knowledge. Geological	6
CK1.1-D3	structure of the Earth.	0
	1.1. Basic theoretical and methodological positions of geology.	
	1.2. Origin and structure of the Universe. Processes in the Galaxy and	
	the Solar System.	
	1.3. Form, size and mass of the Earth. External and internal	
	geospheres of the Earth.	
	1.4. Methods of study and features of the internal structure of the	
	Earth. Magnetic, thermal and gravitational field of the Earth.	
CR1.1-B5	2. Material composition of the Earth's crust. Age of rocks.	4
CR1.2-B5	2.1. Chemical and mineralogical composition of the Earth's crust.	
	2.2. Petrographic composition of the Earth's crust.	
	2.3. Geochronology.	
SR1.3-B5	3. Endogenous geological processes. Patterns of the Earth's	12
	crust development.	
	3.1. Sources and characteristics of endogenous processes.	
	3.2. Types of tectonic movements. Disjunctive and plicative	
	deformations.	
	3.3. Intrusive and effusive magmatism.	
	3.4. Characteristics of metamorphic processes.	
	3.5. Position of rocks in the Earth's crust.	
CR1.4-B5	4. Exogenous geological processes.	12
	4.1. Stages of exogenous geological processes and their significance.	
	4.2. Weathering and its types.	
	4.3. Geological work of wind and ice.	
	4.4. Geological work of the surface and underground flowing	
	waters.	
CD14D5	4.5. Geological processes in seas, lakes and swamps.	
CR1.4-B5	5. Gravity and technogenesis.	6
CR1.5-B5	5.1. Factors of the gravity processes. Slope processes.	
	5.2. Gravity phenomena that arise in connection with mining	
	operations.	
	5.3. Technological changes in the geological environment.	20
CR1.1-B5	PRACTICAL WORKS 1. Study of material composition of the Eath's crust	20 20
CR1.1-B5 CR1.2-B5	1. Study of material composition of the Eath's crust 1.1. Physical properties of minerals. Classification of minerals.	20
CR1.2-B5 CR1.3-B5	1.1. Physical properties of minerals. Classification of minerals.	
CR1.3-B5 CR1.4-B5	1.3. Types of rocks. The concept of structures and textures of rocks.	
	Igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks.	
	1.4. Sedimentary rocks. Rocks-collectors of oil and gas.	
	TOTAL	60

5 KNOWLEDGE PROGRESS TESTING

Certification of student achievement is accomplished through transparent procedures based on objective criteria in accordance with the University Regulations "On Evaluation of Higher Education Applicants' Learning Outcomes".

The level of competencies achieved in relation to the expectations, identified during the control activities, reflects the real result of the student's study of the discipline.

5.1 GRADING SCALES

Assessment of academic achievement of students of the Dnipro University of Technology is carried out based on a rating (100-point) and institutional grading scales. The latter is necessary (in the official absence of a national scale) to convert (transfer) grades for mobile students.

Rating	Institutional
90 100	Excellent
74 89	Good
60 73	Satisfactory
0 59	Failed

The scales of assessment of learning outcomes of the NTUDP students

Discipline credits are scored if the student has a final grade of at least 60 points. A lower grade is considered to be an academic debt that is subject to liquidation in accordance with the Regulations on the Organization of the Educational Process of NTUDP.

5.2 DIAGNOSTIC TOOLS AND EVALUATION PROCEDURES

The content of diagnostic tools is aimed at controlling the level of knowledge, skills, communication, autonomy, and responsibility of the student according to the requirements of the National Qualifications Framework (NQF) up to the 7th qualification level during the demonstration of the learning outcomes regulated by the work program.

During the control activities, the student should perform tasks focused solely on the demonstration of disciplinary learning outcomes (Section 2).

Diagnostic tools provided to students at the control activities in the form of tasks for the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are formed by specifying the initial data and a way of demonstrating disciplinary learning outcomes.

Diagnostic tools (control tasks) for the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are approved by the appropriate department.

Type of diagnostic tools and procedures for evaluating the intermediate and final knowledge progress testing are given below.

INTERMEDIATE CONTROL			FINAL ASSESSMENT		
training sessions	diagnostic tools	procedures	diagnostic tools	procedures	
lectures	control tasks for each topic	task during lectures		determining the average results of intermediate	
practical	control tasks for each topic	tasks during practical classes	(CCW)	controls;	
	or individual task	tasks during independent work		CCW performance during the examination at the request of the student	

Diagnostic and assessment procedures

During the intermediate control, the lectures are evaluated by determining the quality of the performance of the control specific tasks. Practical classes are assessed by the quality of the control or individual task.

If the content of a particular type of teaching activity is subordinated to several descriptors, then the integral value of the assessment may be determined by the weighting coefficients set by the lecturer.

Provided that the level of results of the intermediate controls of all types of training at least 60 points, the final control can be carried out without the student's immediate participation by determining the weighted average value of the obtained grades.

Regardless of the results of the intermediate control, every student during the final knowledge progress testing has the right to perform the CDF, which contains tasks covering key disciplinary learning outcomes.

The number of specific tasks of the CDF should be consistent with the allotted time for completion. The number of CDF options should ensure that the task is individualized.

The value of the mark for the implementation of the CDF is determined by the average evaluation of the components (specific tasks) and is final.

The integral value of the CDF performance assessment can be determined by taking into account the weighting factors established by the department for each NLC descriptor.

5.3 EVALUATION CRITERIA

The actual student learning outcomes are identified and measured against what is expected during the control activities using criteria that describe the student's actions to demonstrate the achievement of the learning outcomes.

To evaluate the performance of the control tasks during the intermediate control of lectures and practicals the assimilation factor is used as a criterion, which automatically adapts the indicator to the rating scale:

$$O_i = 100 a / m$$
,

where a - number of correct answers or significant operations performed according to the solution standard; m - the total number of questions or substantial operations of the standard.

Individual tasks and complex control works are expertly evaluated using criteria that characterize the ratio of competency requirements and evaluation indicators to a rating scale.

The content of the criteria is based on the competencies identified by the NLC for the Bachelor's level of higher education (given below).

General criteria for achieving learning outcomes 7th qualification for LDCs (BA)

Integral competence is the ability to solve complex problems and specialized practical problems in a particular area of professional activities or in a learning process that involves the use of certain theories and methods of the relevant scientific areas and characterized by complexity and conditions uncertainty.

descriptors NLC	Requirements for knowledge, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Indicator evaluation
	Knowledge	
• Conceptual knowledge acquired during the training and professional activities, including some	- A great - proper, reasonable, sensible. Measures the presence of: - conceptual knowledge; - a high degree of state ownership issues; - critical understanding of the main theories, principles, methods and concepts in education and careers	95-100
knowledge of modern	A non-gross contains mistakes or errors	90-94
achievements;	The answer is correct but has some inaccuracies	85-89
 critical understanding of the 	A correct some inaccuracies but has also proved insufficient	80-84
main theories, principles, methods,	The answer is correct but has some inaccuracies, not reasonable and meaningful	74-79
and concepts in	A fragmentary	70-73
education and careers	A student shows a fuzzy idea of the object of study	65-69
	Knowledge minimally satisfactory	60-64
	Knowledge unsatisfactory	<60
	Ability	
• solving complex problems and unforeseen problems in specialized areas of professional and/or training, which involves the collection and interpretation of	 The answer describes the ability to: identify the problem; formulate hypotheses; solve problems; choose adequate methods and tools; collect and interpret logical and understandable information; use innovative approaches to solving the problem 	95-100
information (data), choice of methods and	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in practice with no blunders	90-94
tools, the use of innovative approaches	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in practice but has some errors in the implementation of a requirement	85-89

descriptors NLC	Requirements for knowledge, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Indicator evaluation
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	80-84
	practice but has some errors in the implementation of the	
	two requirements	
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	74-79
	practice but has some errors in the implementation of the	
	three requirements	
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	70-73
	practice but has some errors in the implementation of the	
	four requirements	
	The answer describes the ability to apply knowledge in	65-69
	practice while performing tasks on the model	
	A characterizes the ability to apply knowledge in	60-64
	performing tasks on the model, but with uncertainties	
	The level of skills is poor	<60
	Communication	
• report to specialists	- Fluent problematic area. Clarity response (report).	95-100
and non-specialists of	Language - correct;	
information, ideas,	net;	
problems, solutions	clear;	
and their experience in	accurate;	
the field of	logic;	
professional activity;	expressive;	
• the ability to form	- concise.	
an effective	Communication strategy:	
communication	coherent and consistent development of thought;	
strategy	availability of own logical reasoning;	
	relevant arguments and its compliance with the provisions	
	defended;	
	the correct structure of the response (report);	
	correct answers to questions;	
	appropriate equipment to answer questions;	
	the ability to draw conclusions and formulate proposals	
	Adequate ownership industry issues with minor faults.	90-94
	Sufficient clarity response (report) with minor faults.	70-74
	Appropriate communication strategy with minor faults	
	Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good	85-89
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	05-07
	strategy (total three requirements are not implemented)	
	Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good	80-84
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	00-04
	strategy (a total of four requirements is not implemented) Good knowledge of the problems of the industry. Good	74-79
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	/4-/7
	strategy (total not implemented the five requirements)	
		70-73
	Satisfactory ownership issues of the industry. Satisfactory	/0-/3
	clarity response (report) and relevant communication	
	strategy (a total of seven requirements not implemented)	

descriptors NLC	Requirements for knowledge, communication, autonomy and responsibility	Indicator evaluation
	Partial ownership issues of the industry. Satisfactory	65-69
	clarity response (report) and communication strategy of	
	faults (total not implemented nine requirements)	
	The fragmented ownership issues of the industry.	60-64
	Satisfactory clarity response (report) and communication	
	strategy of faults (total not implemented 10 requirements)	
	The level of poor communication	<60
	Autonomy and responsibility	
 management actions 	- Excellent individual ownership management	95-100
or complex projects,	competencies focused on:	
responsible for	1) management of complex projects, providing:	
decision-making in	- exploratory learning activities marked the ability to	
unpredictable	independently evaluate various life situations, events,	
conditions;	facts, detect and defend a personal position;	
 responsible for the 	- the ability to work in a team;	
professional	- control of their own actions;	
development of	2) responsibility for decision-making in unpredictable	
individuals and/or	conditions, including:	
groups	- justify their decisions the provisions of the regulatory	
• the ability to	framework of sectoral and national levels;	
continue study with a	- independence while performing tasks;	
high degree of	- lead in discussing problems;	
autonomy	- responsibility for the relationship;	
uutonomy	3) responsible for the professional development of	
	individuals and/or groups that includes:	
	- use of vocational-oriented skills;	
	- the use of evidence from independent and correct	
	reasoning;	
	- possession of all kinds of learning activities;	
	1 0	
	4) the ability to further study with a high degree of	
	autonomy, which provides:	
	- degree possession of fundamental knowledge;	
	- independent evaluation judgments;	
	- high level of formation of general educational skills;	
	- search and analysis of information resources	00.04
	Confident personality possession competency	90-94
	management (not implemented two requirements)	07.00
	Good knowledge management competencies personality	85-89
	(not implemented three requirements)	
	Good knowledge management competencies personality	80-84
	(not implemented the four requirements)	
	Good knowledge management competencies personality	74-79
	(not implemented six requirements)	
	Satisfactory ownership of individual competence	70-73
	management (not implemented seven requirements)	
	Satisfactory ownership of individual competence	65-69
	management (not implemented eight claims)	
	The level of autonomy and responsibility fragmented	60-64
	The level of autonomy and responsibility poor	<60

6 TOOLS, EQUIPMENT, AND SOFTWARE

Technical training tools via multimedia software. Distance learning platform Moodle.

7 RECOMMENDED LITERARURE

- Essentials of Geology / Frederick K. Lutgens, Edward J. Tarbuck. 11th ed. Boston, 2012. - 554 p.
- 2. A Geology for Engineers. Blyth, F.G.H., de Freitas, M.H. London, 1984 (reprinted 2005). 336 p.
- 3. Marshak S. Essentials of Geology. 4th Edition. W.W. Norton & Company, New York London, 2007. ISBN 978-0-393-91939-4. 648 p.
- General Geology. Laboratory Operations Manual. Study of the Material Composition of the Earth's Crust for the students of specialty 6.040103 Geology/ N.V. Bilan, I.S. Nikitenko, O.A. Tereshkova, O.V. Khazova; Ministry of Education and Science of Ukraine; National Mining University. – D.: NMU, 2018. – 34 p.
- 5. Кратенко Л.Я. Общая геология (учебное пособие). Д.: РИК НГУ. 196 с. ог Кратенко Л.Я. Загальна геологія (навчальний посібник). Д.: РВК НГУ. 183 с. (библ.) http://zsg.nmu.org.ua/ua/literatura_ua.php
- 6. Свинко І.М., Сивий М.Я. Геологія (підручник). К.: Либідь, 2003. 478 с.
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